POST-VASP CONTINUITY

StaBillon Powered by billon

FOR POLISH VASP OPERATORS · AFTER 1 JULY 2026

Powered by a Licensed Electronic Money Institution (EMI)

On 1 July 2026 your virtual-currency register entry lapses automatically — Poland never passed the MiCA act. Your business keeps running: same widget, brand, clients and revenue. Only the legal label changes — you become a technology provider and, optionally, an official distributor and redemption agent of StaBillon, Poland's only KNF-licensed EMI and issuer of ESMA-registered stablecoins (EURdt, PLNdt).

WHAT HAPPENS NEXT

Three things to know

What happens · what you become · what to do

1 July 2026
Your register entry lapses automatically — by operation of law. Nothing to file, nothing to renounce.

What you become
A technology provider and, optionally, StaBillon's official EMT distributor & redemption agent.

What to do
Sign in June, connect the API, choose your modules — the new setup goes live on 1 July.

FIVE MODULES — EACH OPTIONAL

1 · EUR/PLN rails | 2 · EURdt / PLNdt | 3 · Distributor | 4 · Conversion | 5 · Exchange

WHY STABILLON

Only licensed EMI
Poland's only KNF-licensed e-money institution and ESMA-registered EMT issuer.

API-driven go-live
Sandbox first, production in ~3 weeks. Same widget, same ~10-minute flow.

EMT-native & PLNdt
24/7 on-chain settlement; PLNdt is the only PLN stablecoin on the market.

You stop being a register entry and become a supervised partner of a licensed institution — a status you can show your clients.

CONTACT

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KNF e-money licence: KIPE1/2019

ABOUT THE ARCHITECTURE

StaBillon sp. z o.o. is Poland's only licensed national electronic money institution (KNF licence KIPE1/2019) and an ESMA-registered issuer of e-money tokens — EURdt and PLNdt — supervised by the KNF under MiCA Title IV.

On 1 July 2026 the MiCA Article 143(3) transitional regime ends for entities in the Polish Register of Virtual Currency Activity. Poland has not designated a CASP authority — the national act was vetoed twice — so register entries lapse by operation of law, through no fault of the operators.

The architecture follows one rule: every regulated activity is performed by an entity authorised for it — e-money and payments by a KNF-licensed EMI, EMT issuance under MiCA Title IV by an ESMA-registered issuer, full-scope exchange by authorised partners — while the Operator keeps the product, technology and client relationships that were never licensable. Each of the five modules is optional and independently adoptable.

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